

1 Products and Parameters .

A product (e.g.: `:exe`) is a Unix file, a directory or a list of files that can be requested from Eli. Parameters (e.g.: `+fold`) allow the requestor to control some characteristics of the requested product.

Product files can be displayed by appending `>`, file-lists can be viewed with `:viewlist` and generated directories by listing their contents with `!ls`. A single file named `'f'` can be selected from a directory by appending `/f` to the request for that directory.

For further details see [Section “top” in *Eli Products and Parameters*](#).

1.1 Processor Generation

- `:exe` Executable file containing the generated processor.
- `:source` File-List with all source and include files making up the processor.
- `:allspecs`
File-List with all files defining a processor.
- `:gencode` File-List with all files generated by Eli from your specifications.
- `:fwGen` Directory with all files specified by one `.fw` file.
- `:ligaResults`
File-List with all files generated by Liga from your specifications.
- `+define` `cpp` directive for C compilation.
- `+fold` To suppress case distinctions in identifiers and keywords.
- `+ignore` To switch off the verification of the presence of certain include files.
- `+parser` Selects the parser generator:`pgs/cola`.

1.2 Generating Specifications

- `:bnf` File containing complete concrete grammar in BNF notation.
- `:consyntax`
File containing complete concrete grammar in EBNF notation.
- `:pgram` File containing complete parsing grammar as given to the parser generator.
- `:abstree` File containing complete tree grammar.
- `:inst` File-List containing instantiated generic module.
- `:kwd` Recognize specified literals as identifiers.
- `+instance, +referto`
For instantiation of specification modules.

1.3 Diagnostics

- `:warning` File containing Warnings noted while deriving a product.
- `:error` File containing Errors noted while deriving a product.
- `:warn, :err`
Unprocessed warning and error messages.
- `:help` Executable for browsing Warning and error messages of a derivation. Messages contain references to documentation.
- `:parsable`
File containing verification protocol of the parsability of the parsing grammar (LALR(1)).
- `:showFe, :showMe`
File-List with 3 files containing information about the Lido specifications.
- `:ExpInfo, :OrdInfo, :OptimInfo`
Files with Information from Liga on remote attribute access, attribute dependencies, attribute storage.
- `:gorto` Start `gorto`, a graphical tool for attribute dependence analysis.

1.4 Testing a Generated Processor

- `:stdout` Standard output from a test run, for example
`input +cmd=(x.specs:exe):stdout`
- `:run` Execute the generated processor, for example
`. +cmd=(x.specs:exe) input :run`
- `:output` Output files from a test run, for example
`input +cmd=(x.specs:exe) :output !ls -l`
- `:dbx, :gdb`
Debug a program interactively at the source level.
- `:mon` Monitor a program at the specification level.
- `:mondbx, :mongdb`
Monitor a program at the specification level.
- `+arg` Command line arguments for processor execution (only usable with `:mon`)
- `+debug` Flag to request debugging information in object files.
- `+input` Directory containing files to be made available during execution.
- `+monitor` Flag to request monitoring support.
- `+printtokens`
Flag to request that tokens be printed as they are read.
- `+stdin` File to be made available as standard input.

1.5 Producing Formatted Documents

- `:ps` PostScript file generated from a TeX file.
- `:fwTex` TeX file generated from a .fw file.
- `:fwTexinfo`
Hypertext document generated from a .fw file.

1.6 Information About the Derivation

- `!:redo` Tell Eli to redo a derivation step, even though no inputs to it have changed.
- `!:test` Ask Eli to check whether an object has been modified.
- `!:inputs` A list of the objects on which this object directly depends.
- `!:outputs`
A list of the objects directly depending on this object.

2 Eli Specifications

The Eli user describes the subproblems of a particular text processing problem in files of different “type”. The type is indicated by the file name extension. Any of these files can contain C-style comments and preprocessor directives such as `#include`, `#define` and `#ifdef`.

- `.specs` A collection of subproblem descriptions, one per line:
- ```
word.gla
$/Tool/lib/Name/Nest.gnrc :inst
symbol.lido
```
- `.gla` A description of the token structure of the input text:
- ```
ident : C_IDENTIFIER
string: $' (auxPascalString) [mkstr]
numb  : $[0-9] [mkint]
```
- `.con` A description of the phrase structure of the input text:
- ```
def: set_name '=' '{' body '}' .
body: element+ .
cond : 'if' exp 'then' stmt '$else'.
```
- `.lido` A description of the structure of a tree and the computations to be carried out on that tree:
- ```
ATTR Sym: int;
SYMBOL set_name INHERITS Entity END;
SYMBOL text COMPUTE
  PTGOut(
    PTGTable(
      CONSTITUENTS set_name.Sym
      WITH (int, ADD, ONE, ZERO)));
END;
RULE r_wall: wallspec ::= 'wall' pos ';';
COMPUTE
  wallspec.done = setwall(pos.x, pos.y);
END;
```
- `.map` A description of the mapping between the parsing and the tree grammar.
- `.ctl` Options for evaluator generation.
- `.h, .c` C modules for user-supplied functions, variables, types etc.
- `.head` Headers and macro definitions to be inserted into code generated from Lido:
- ```
#include "myproc.h"
#define MyValue(s) MyArray[s]
```
- `.init, .finl` C code to be executed before any processing begins (`.init`) or after all other processing is complete (`.finl`):

```

 { int s;
 s = GetValue(speed,1);
 setdelay(1000000/s); }

```

**.ptg** A description of structured output text:

```

Seq: $ $
List: $ ",\n\t" $

```

**.pdl** A property definition language:

```

code : mytype; "kcode.h"
size : int;

```

**.oil** A description of operator overloading:

```

OPER iAdd(integer, integer): integer;
OPER rAdd(real, real): real;
INDICATION Plus: iAdd, rAdd, sUnion;
COERCION Float(integer): real;

```

**.clp** A description of command line arguments for the generated processor:

```

speed "-s" int
"-s determines steps per second";

```

**.fw** Combines a collection of strongly-coupled specifications with documentation describing their relationships:

```

@@@<c.ptg@>@{
Seq: $ $
@}
@@@<c.lido@>@{
SYMBOL Entity INHERITS IdPtg END;
@}

```

**.delit** Specifies literals appearing in a type-‘con’ file that are to be recognized by special routines.

**.gnrc** Defines a generic specification module.

### 3 User Interface

Single characters are quoted with \ in an Eli request; strings are quoted by enclosing them in apostrophes ('). Spaces and tabs are ignored, and # marks the rest of the line as a comment. The request ? starts the documentation browser.

For further details see [Section “top” in \*Interacting with Eli\*](#).

**object**      Make a product up-to-date with respect to its inputs.

```
x.specs+monitor:exe # Make up-to-date
x.specs:parsable< # To your editor
x.specs> # To standard output
x.specs:exe>x.exe # To file x.exe
x.specs:source>src # To directory src
```

**!**            Execute the remainder of the line as a shell command. If ! is preceded by object, append the name of the up-to-date product to the end of the line.

**=**            Query or set variables.

```
?= # Show list of all variables.
Dir=? # Show 'Dir' variable meaning.
History= # Show the value of 'History'.
ErrLevel=1 # Set 'ErrLevel' to '1'.
```

**control character**

Request editing with history. Starred commands accept a repeat count (e.g. '+ESC 4 ^P+'). Arrow keys can be used to move in the history.

```
^A Move to the beginning of the line

^B* Move left in the line (left arrow)

^E Move to the end of the line

^F* Move right in the line(right arrow)

^N* Next request in history (down arrow)

^P* Previous request in history (up arrow)

^R* Request a substring to search for
 String starts line if it begins with ^
 Search forward if repeat count given
```